Phonics in Year

One

What is Phonics?

> Words are made up of small units of sound called phonemes.

Phonics teaches children to be able to listen carefully and identify the phonemes that make up each word.

> This helps children to learn to read and spell words.

Phonics at Colindale

- At Colindale we follow the Jolly Phonics programme. Each individual phoneme has its own action.
- > Children at the beginning stages of phonics:
 - Jolly phonics website
 - Jolly songs on YouTube
- Consistency in teaching phonics- see handout

9 Spiral hand down, as if water gurgling down a plughole, saying g,g,g,
O Short o: Pretend you are turning a switch on and off, saying 0,0,0
U Short u: Keep one hand steady and raise the other up, as if raising an umbrella, saying <i>u,u,u</i>
Pretend to lick a lollipop, saying
f Place one hand above the other and push them together gently, as if a toy fish is deflating, saying <i>fffff</i>
b Place hands together , as if batting away a cricket ball, and say <i>b,b,b</i> .

Phonics lessons

In phonics lessons children are taught three main things:

- 1. Blending: Children say the phonemes that make up a word and then blend the phonemes together to say the word. This skill is vital in learning to read.
- 2. Segmenting: This is the opposite of blending. Children hear a word and then segment it into the phonemes that make it up. This skill is vital in being able to spell words.
- **3. Grapheme phoneme correspondence**: This simply means that they are taught all the phonemes in the English language and ways of writing them down. These sounds are taught in a particular order.

Handwriting wording

This is what we say when we are forming the letters...

Handwriting wording:

- a- Over the top, all the way round, down and flick.
- b- Top to bottom, halfway up, all the way round and flick.
- c- Over the top and round
- d- Over the top, all the way round, up the stick, down, and flick.
- e- Across, over the top and round
- g- Over the top, all the way round, down, under the line and hook.
- h- Top to bottom, halfway up, over and flick.
- i- Down, round stop. Pencil off, dot at the top.
- Down, under the line, hook, pencil off, and dot the top.
- k- Top to bottom, halfway up, over the top, kick and flick.
- l- Top to bottom, round and stop.
- m- Down, up over, up and over, flick.
- n- Down, up and over and flick.
- o- Over the top, all the way round and across.
- p- Down, under the line, up the stick and all the way round and flick.
- q- Over the top, all the way round, down under the line and kick.
- r- Down, up and over.
- s- Over the top and curl like a snake and flick.
- t- Top to bottom, round and stop, pencil off, across.
- u- Down, under, up, down and flick.
- v- Down the hill, up the hill and across.
- w- Down the hill, up the hill, down the hill up the hill and across
- x- Down the hill (right to left), pencil off, down the hill and flick
- y- Down, under, up, down, under the line and hook.
- z- Across, down the hill, across.

Further guidance:

 \underline{x} is written by writing the right to left diagonal first. The left to right diagonal is the written and joins to the next letter.

The following letters do not join: <u>y g j</u>

Kick on<u>q</u> goes up to the line

Phonics in Reception

> Children learn the first 44 phonemes (letter sounds):

- s, a, t, p, i, n, m, d, g, o, c, k, ck, e, u, r, h, b, f, ff, l, ll, ss, j, v, w, x, y, z, zz, qu
- Consonant digraphs (2 letters, 1 sound): ch, sh, th, ng.
- Vowel digraphs (2 letters, 1 sound): ai, ee, igh, ie, oa, oo, ar, or, ur, ow, oi, er
- Trigraphs (3 letters, 1 sound): ear, air, ure
- Tricky words: Words that are not decodable using children's current phonic knowledge.
- Children will practise reading and writing words and sentences with the phonemes and tricky words they have learnt.

Phonics in Year 1

First half of Autumn Term:

Revisit and revise what they have learnt at the end of Reception. Usually vowel digraphs.

Second half of Autumn Term: Learn the alternative spellings

- What are alternative spellings?
- > In Reception children learn the phoneme 'ai' as in 'rain'.
- In Year 1 children will learn that the sound 'ai' can be written as

'ay' as in play/ 'a_e' as in name.

These are common alternatives to writing 'ai'. The common alternatives will be the main focus of phonics sessions.

Phonics in Year 1

Later on in the year, children will also learn some less common alternatives such as 'a' as in acorn; 'ey' as in they; 'eigh' as in eight.

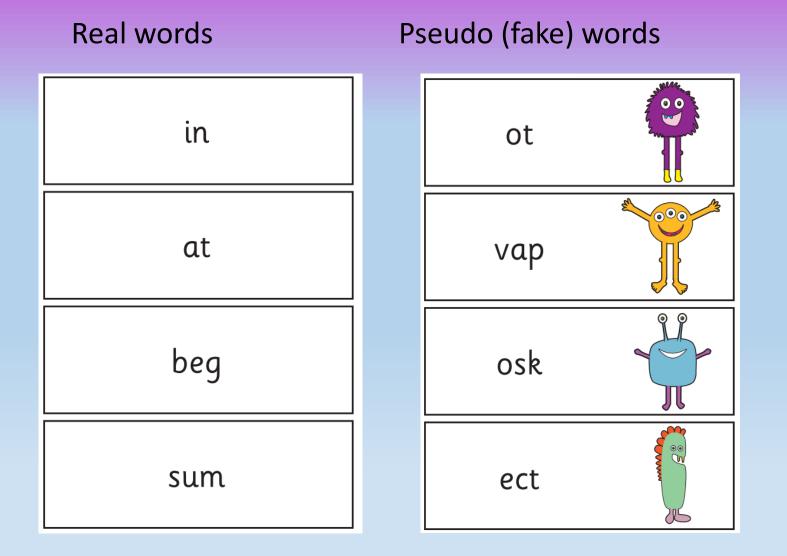
- As well as learning alternative spellings, children will learn alternative pronunciations, e.g. 'a' can be pronounced as 'a' in cat but 'o' in what.
- Continue learning tricky words
- > Polysyllabic words such as December, hospital or chimpanzee.

Year 1 Phonics Check

- > The phonics screening check is a statutory assessment for year 1 pupils (typically aged 6)
- > All state-funded schools with a year 1 cohort must administer the check.
- Teachers administer the check one-on-one with each pupil and record whether their response to each of the 40 words is correct.
- Each pupil is awarded a mark between 0 and 40.
- Some pupils will not take the check- some children with special needs or who are new to English.
- Pupils who do not meet the standard in year 1 or were not checked, must take part in the check at the end of year 2 (typically aged 7).

Year 1 Phonics Check

> The phonics screening check involves children reading 40 words. 20 real words and 20 fake or alien words.



Fake words always have a picture of an alien next to them so that children understand that they are not real and will not make sense.

In all previous years the pass mark has been 32 out of 40.

Each teacher will carry out the test on all children (if appropriate)

Over the year in Year 1 teachers will carry out practise checks with the children at the end of every half term.

This is to see if what they have learnt has been retained and to help identify specific sounds that children have found difficult.

First name	
Last name	

Screening check responses: Please tick the appropriate box for each word. The use of the comment box is optional.

	Sectio	n 1		Section 2			
Word	Correct	Incorrect	Comment	Word	Correct	Incorrect	Commen
pib				kigh			
vus				girst			
уор				baim			
elt				yune			
desh				flods			
chab				groiks			
poil				strom			
queep				splaw			
stin				fair			
proom				flute			
sarps				goat			
thend				shine			
chip				crept			
jazz				shrubs			
farm				scrap			
thorn				stroke			
stop				index			
truck				turnip			
jump				waiting			
lords				portrait			

Total correct